RESENE SQUASH COURT COATING HARDENER Resene Paints LTD

Version No: **1.2**Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Issue Date: **16/09/2020** Print Date: **17/09/2020** L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

Product name	RESENE SQUASH COURT COATING HARDENER
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses 9219

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints LTD
Address	32-50 Vogel Street Wellington 5011 New Zealand
Telephone	+64 4 5770500
Fax	+64 4 5773327
Website	www.resene.co.nz
Email	advice@resene.co.nz

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	+61 2 9186 1132
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+64 800 700 112

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification ^[1]	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 2, Eye Irritation Category 2, Skin Sensitizer Category 1, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	6.3B, 6.4A, 6.5B (contact), 6.9B, 9.1C

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





Signal word

Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (Oral)
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H316	Causes mild skin irritation.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P260	Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

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Precautionary statement(s) Response

P321	Specific treatment (see advice on this label).
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Ingredients are required by the Hazard Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017 to be identified:

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
100-51-6	1-5	benzyl alcohol
25068-38-6	1-5	bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin. solid

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Nash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay if pain persists or recurs. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

► Water spray or fog.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result
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Advice for firefighters

Advice for menginers		
Fire Fighting	▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Decomposition may produce toxic fumes	
	Burning release: carbon dioxide (CO2) aldehydes other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.	

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

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Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Control personal contact with the substance, by using personal protective equipment. Contain spill with sawdust, sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spill with sawdust, sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Wash area and prevent runoff into drains. If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	► Store in original containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	► Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	Material name		TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
benzyl alcohol	Benzyl alcohol		30 ppm	52 ppm	740 ppm
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	Epoxy resin includes EPON 1001, 1007, 820, ERL-2795		90 mg/m3	990 mg/m3	5,900 mg/m3
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	Polypropylene glycol, (chloromethyl) oxirane polymer		30 mg/m3	330 mg/m3	2,000 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revise	ed IDLH		

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
benzyl alcohol	Not Available	Not Available
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	Not Available	Not Available

Occupational Exposure Banding

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating Occupational Exposure Band Limit			
benzyl alcohol	E	≤ 0.1 ppm		
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	E ≤ 0.01 mg/m³			
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.			

Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	

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Eye and face protection	► Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Butyl rubber gloves Nitrile rubber gloves (Note: Nitric acid penetrates nitrile gloves in a few minutes.)
Body protection	Overalls

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection required in insufficiently ventilated working areas and during spraying. An approved respirator with a replaceable vapour/ mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 1715 Standard, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716 Standard, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Recommended filter type: Type A filter (organic vapour).

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

information on basic physical	-		
Appearance	Clear colourless liquid		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.086
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	8.9	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	740
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	55
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	115

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects	Information	on	toxicological	effects
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Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). The odour of for propylene glycol monomethyl ether (PGME) becomes objectionable at 100 ppm and intolerable with anaesthetic effects at 1000 ppm.
Ingestion	Reactive diluents exhibit a range of ingestion hazards. Isothiazolinones are moderately to highly toxic by oral administration.

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Skin Contact

Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period.

The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition

Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.

Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material

Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.

Eye

Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or may produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals. Solutions containing isothiazolinones may produce corrosion of the mucous membranes and cornea.

Chronic

Practical experience shows that skin contact with the material is capable either of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in experimental animals.

Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Serious damage (clear functional disturbance or morphological change which may have toxicological significance) is likely to be caused by repeated or prolonged exposure.

Bisphenol F, bisphenol A, fluorine-containing bisphenol A (bisphenol AF), and other diphenylalkanes were found to be oestrogenic in a bioassay with MCF7 human breast cancer cells in culture Bisphenol F (4,4'-dihydroxydiphenylmethane) has been reported to exhibit oestrogen agonistic properties in the uterotrophic assay.

Bisphenol A exhibits hormone-like properties that raise concern about its suitability in consumer products and food containers.

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TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Not Available	Not Available

benzyl alcohol

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
~105 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (rabbit): 0.75 mg open SEVERE
~2080 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1]
~60 mg/kg ^[2]	Skin (man): 16 mg/48h-mild
>=25<=400 mg/kg ^[2]	Skin (rabbit):10 mg/24h open-mild
>=25-400 mg/kg ^[2]	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
>=500<=800 mg/kg ^[2]	
>400800 mg/kg ^[2]	
2000 mg/kg ^[2]	
324 mg/kg ^[2]	
480 mg/kg ^[2]	
950 mg/kg ^[2]	
Inhalation (rat) LC50: >4.178 mg/l/4h ^[2]	
Oral (rat) LD50: =2080 mg/kg ^[2]	
Oral (rat) LD50: 1230 mg/kg ^[2]	

bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
dermal (mouse) LD50: >1270 mg/kg ^[2]	Not Available
dermal (rat) LD50: >1200 mg/kg ^[2]	
Oral (mouse) LD50: >500 mg/kg ^[2]	
Oral (mouse) LD50: 15600 mg/kg ^[2]	
Oral (rat) LD50: >1000 mg/kg ^[2]	
Oral (rat) LD50: 11400 mg/kg ^[2]	
Oral (rat) LD50: 13600 mg/kg ^[2]	

Legend:

1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

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for propylene glycol ethers (PGEs):

Typical propylene glycol ethers include propylene glycol n-butyl ether (PnB); dipropylene glycol n-butyl ether (DPnB); dipropylene glycol methyl ether acetate (DPMA); tripropylene glycol methyl ether (TPM).

Testing of a wide variety of propylene glycol ethers Testing of a wide variety of propylene glycol ethers has shown that propylene glycol-based ethers are less toxic than some ethers of the ethylene series.

Oxiranes (including glycidyl ethers and alkyl oxides, and epoxides) exhibit many common characteristics with respect to animal toxicology. for 1,2-butylene oxide (ethyloxirane):

Ethyloxirane increased the incidence of tumours of the respiratory system in male and female rats exposed via inhalation.

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For benzyl alkyl alcohols: Unlike benzylic alcohols, the beta-hydroxyl group of the members of this cluster is unlikely to undergo phase II metabolic activation. For benzoates Acute toxicity: Benzyl alcohol, benzoic acid and its sodium and potassium salt can be considered as a single category regarding human health, as they are all rapidly metabolised and excreted via a common pathway within 24 hrs A member or analogue of a group of benzyl derivatives generally regarded as safe (GRAS) based in part on their self-limiting properties as BENZYL ALCOHOL flavouring substances in food; their rapid absorption. The aryl alkyl alcohol (AAA) fragrance ingredients are a diverse group of chemical structures with similar metabolic and toxicity profiles. The AAA fragrances demonstrate low acute and subchronic dermal and oral toxicity. At concentrations likely to be encountered by consumers, AAA fragrance ingredients are non-irritating to the skin. The potential for eye irritation is minimal. With the exception of benzyl alcohol and to a lesser extent phenethyl and 2-phenoxyethyl AAA alcohols, human sensitization studies, diagnostic patch tests and human induction studies, indicate that AAA fragrance ingredients generally have no or low sensitization potential. **BISPHENOL A DIGLYCIDYL** CAUTION: Epoxy resin products may contain sensitising glycidyl ethers, even when these are not mentioned in the information given for the ETHER RESIN, SOLID product. No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. RESENE SQUASH COURT **COATING HARDENER &** The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. **BENZYL ALCOHOL &** Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. **BISPHENOL A DIGLYCIDYL** ETHER RESIN, SOLID **RESENE SQUASH COURT** Adverse reactions to fragrances in perfumes and in fragranced cosmetic products include allergic contact dermatitis, irritant contact dermatitis, **COATING HARDENER &** photosensitivity, immediate contact reactions (contact urticaria), and pigmented contact dermatitis BENZYL ALCOHOL Fragrance allergens act as haptens, i.e. low molecular weight chemicals that are immunogenic only when attached to a carrier protein. **RESENE SQUASH COURT COATING HARDENER &** The chemical structure of hydroxylated diphenylalkanes or bisphenols consists of two phenolic rings joined together through a bridging carbon. **BISPHENOL A DIGLYCIDYL** ETHER RESIN, SOLID **BENZYL ALCOHOL & BISPHENOL A DIGLYCIDYL** The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic). ETHER RESIN. SOLID **Acute Toxicity** Carcinogenicity × Skin Irritation/Corrosion Reproductivity × Serious Eye Damage/Irritation STOT - Single Exposure Respiratory or Skin STOT - Repeated Exposure sensitisation Mutagenicity **Aspiration Hazard**

Legend:

X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
 ✓ − Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

RESENE SQUASH COURT	Endpoint	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Value		Source	
COATING HARDENER	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available	Not Available	е	Not Available	
	Endpoint	Test	Duration (hr)	Specie	3		Value	So	urce
	LC50	96		Fish			10mg/L	2	
benzyl alcohol	EC50	48		Crustac	Crustacea		230mg/L	2	
	EC50	96		Algae o	Algae or other aquatic plants		76.828mg/	L 2	
	NOEC	DEC 336		Fish			5.1mg/L	2	
phenol A diglycidyl ether	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Species	Valu	е	Source	
resin, solid	EC50		48		Crustacea	ca.2	mg/L	2	
Legend:	V3.12 (QSAR) -	Aquatic To	oxicity Data (Estimated)	4. US EPĀ, E	ered Substances - Ecot cotox database - Aqua Bioconcentration Data	tic Toxicity Data 5.			

May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
benzyl alcohol	LOW	LOW
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	HIGH	HIGH

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	

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Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
benzyl alcohol	LOW (LogKOW = 1.1)
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	LOW (LogKOW = 2.6835)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
benzyl alcohol	LOW (KOC = 15.66)
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	LOW (KOC = 51.43)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.

Product / Packaging disposal

DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains
 Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.

Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options

Consult manufacturer for recycling option.

Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment.

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

The package must be disposed according to the manufacturer's directions taking into account the material it is made of. Packages which hazardous content have been appropriately treated and removed may be recycled.

The hazardous substance must only be disposed if it has been treated by a method that changed the characteristics or composition of the substance and it is no longer hazardous.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002670	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017

benzyl alcohol is found on the following regulatory lists

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification

Chemicals

bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantity (Closed Containers)	Quantity (Open Containers)
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Certified Handler

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Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	16/09/2020
Initial Date	17/12/2015

SDS Version Summary

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
0.2.1.1.1	16/09/2020	Acute Health (skin), Chronic Health, Classification, Environmental, Fire Fighter (fire/explosion hazard)

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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